

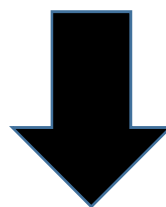


# Power Factor Correction

Presented by Voon YS



**ESTA Roederstein**



**Vishay Intertechnology**



# Capacitor





# External

**Connection Terminal**

**Discharge Resistor**



**Aluminium Casing**



# ESTA Spring



# Spring Type Terminal



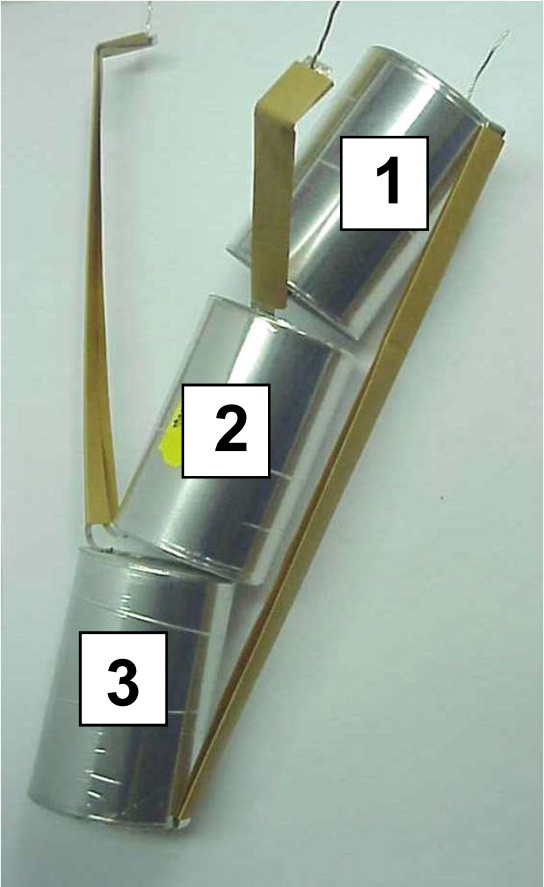
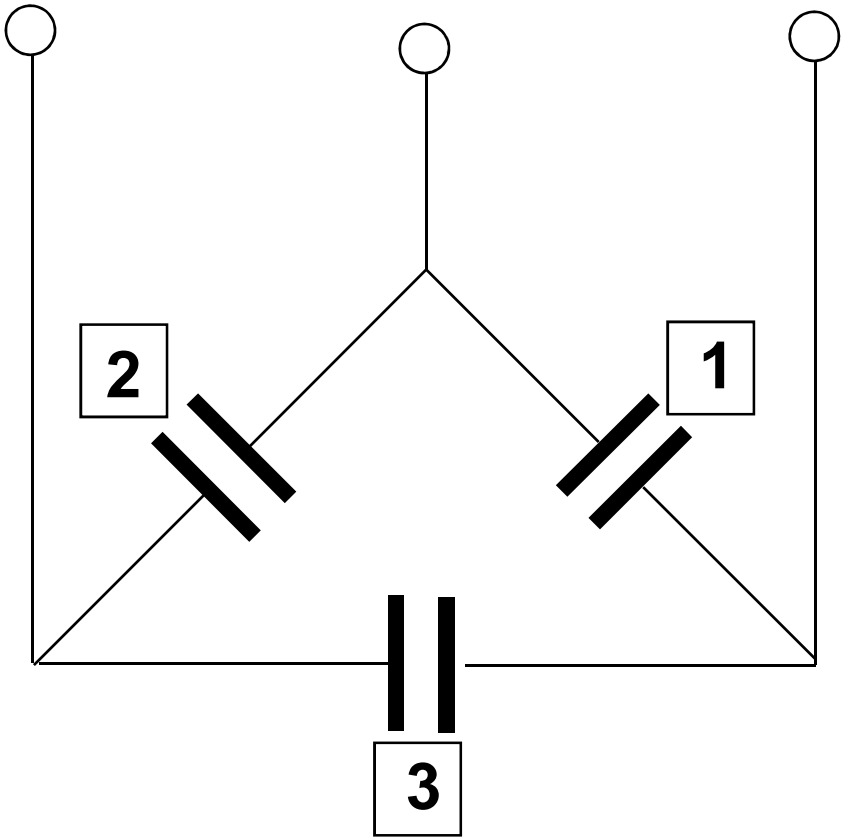




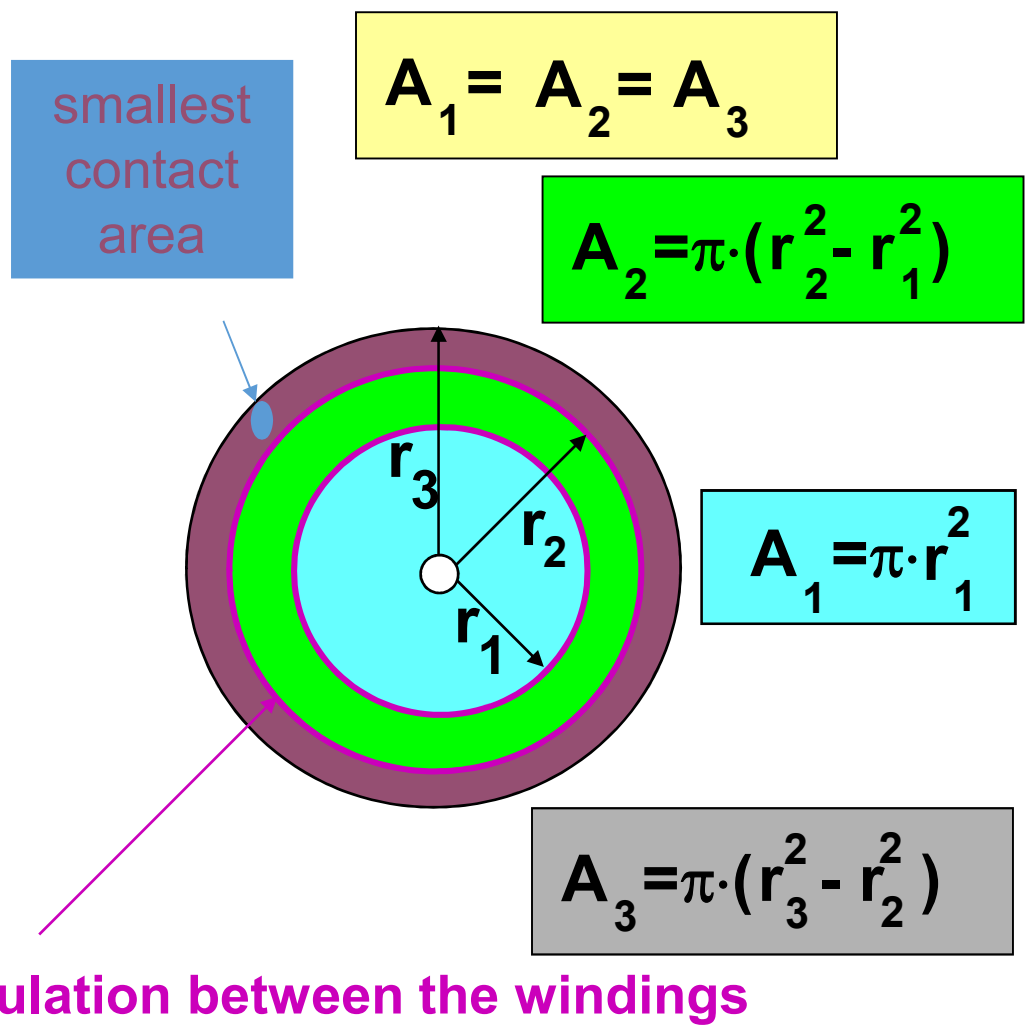
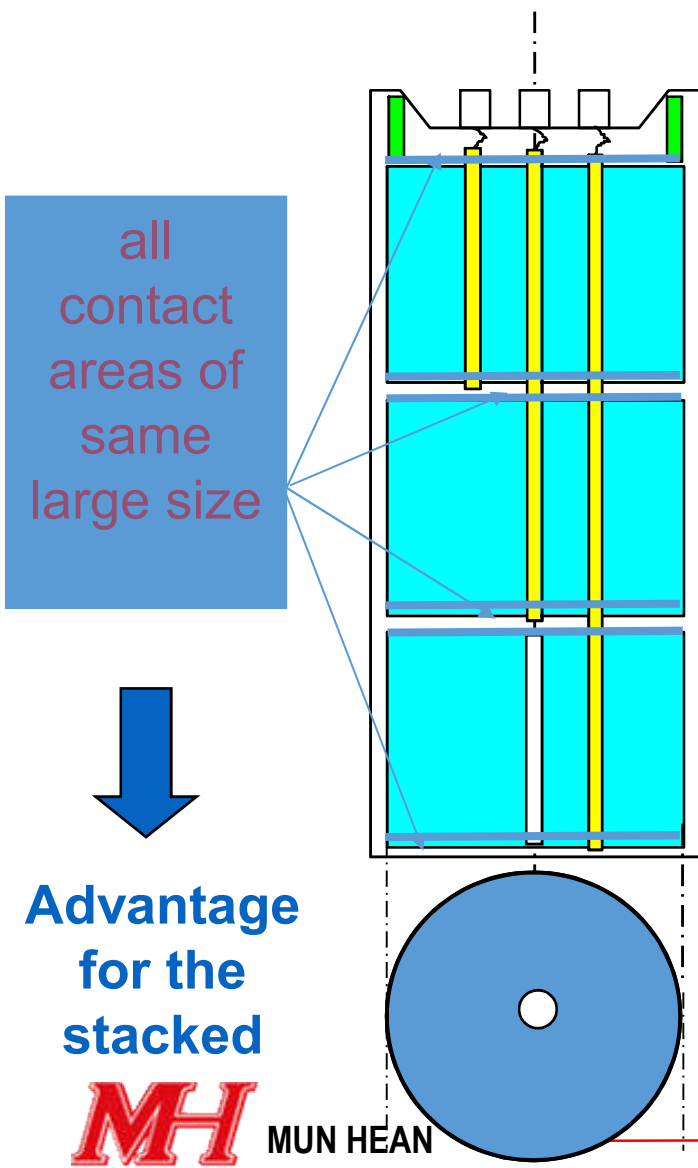
## **Additional Test on ESTA Spring**

- Conductor pull-out test according to IEC 60998-2-1
- Current carrying capacity up to 90 A / phase according to IEC 60512-5-2
- Vibration test according to IEC 60068-2-6

# Internal



# Comparison between the ESTA stacked assembly and “concentric” competitor design





# **MH VIHSYA ESTA LV Tubular Can Type Capacitors**

## **MKP-Technology**

# MKP: " Metallized Polypropylene Film "



**Metallization  
(Electrode)**



**PP Film  
(Isolation)**

**Metallization  
(Electrode)**



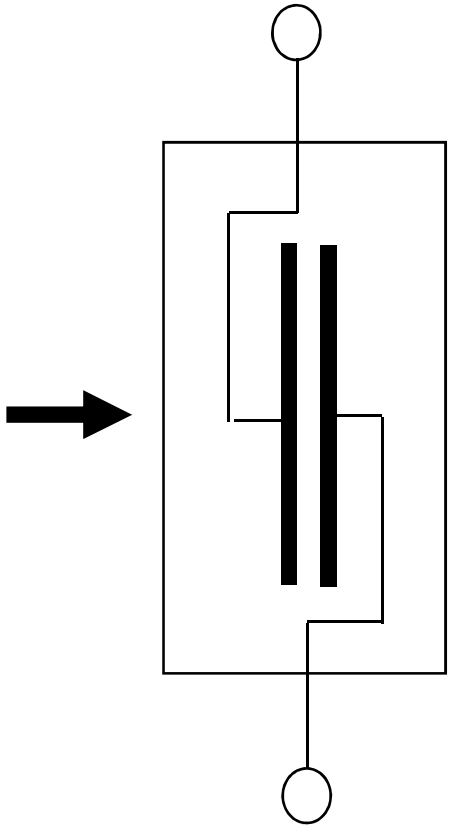
**PP Film  
(Isolation)**



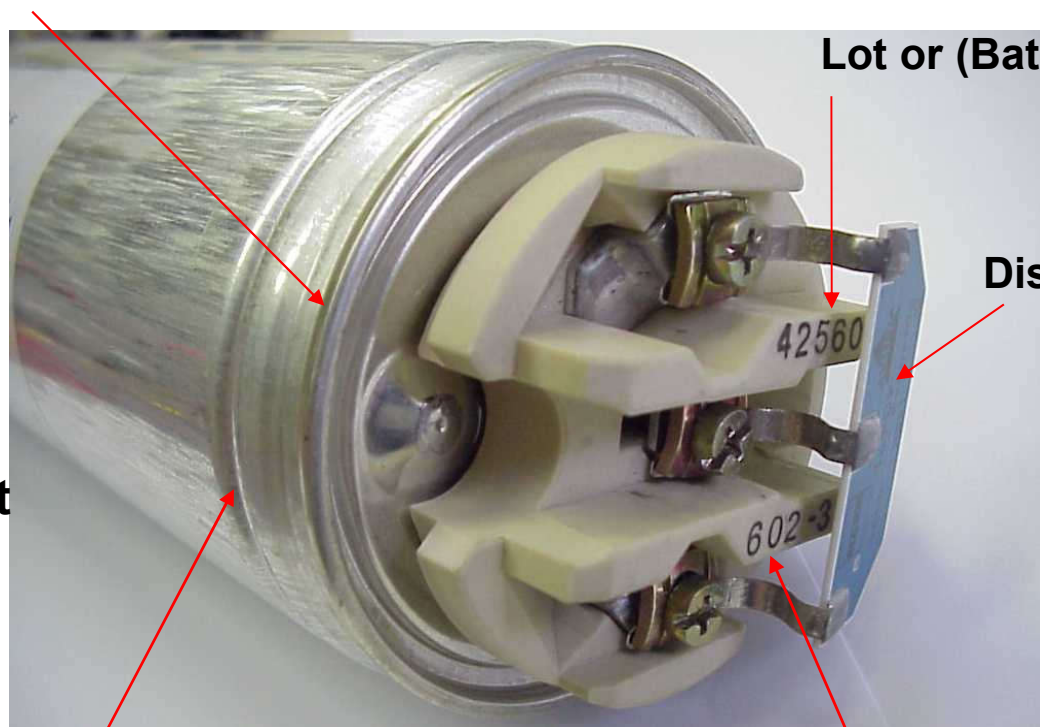
**Top View**



**Side View**



## Jointed Flange Connection



Lot or (Batch) No.

Discharge Resistor

Type No.,  
corresponding  
to the article No.

Crimping or  
Expansion Gap

ESTA's L.V. tubular can type capacitors are

**burstproof,**

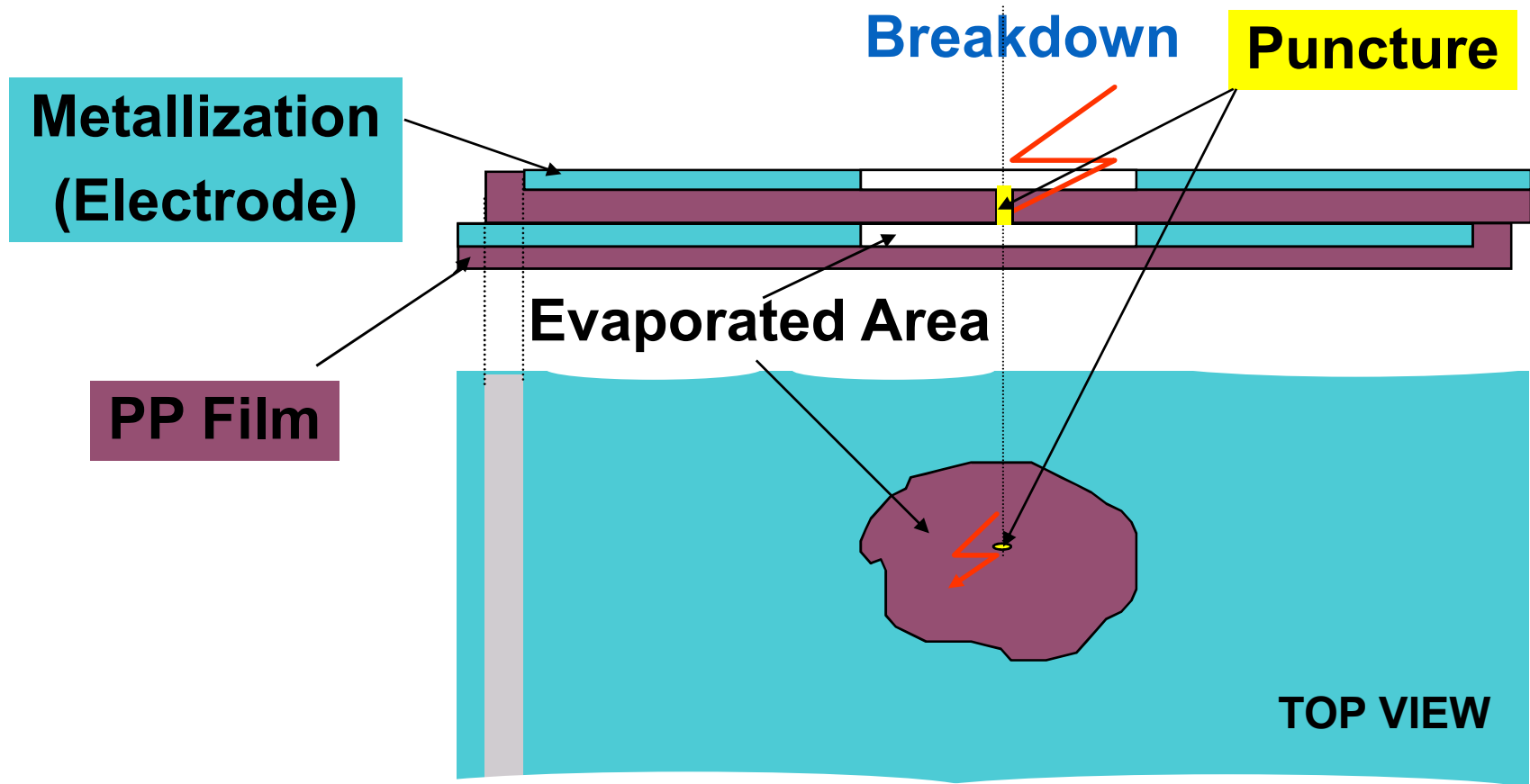
as confirmed by independent international inspection centres such as UL and UL<sub>c</sub>



# Features of MH VISHAY ESTA



# Self Healing



# Overpressure Tear-off Fuse System



**Operating condition**

**Torn-off condition**

**Terminals**

**Winding Element**

**Connection Stripes  
outside the winding  
elements**

**All-Phase  
Disconnection**

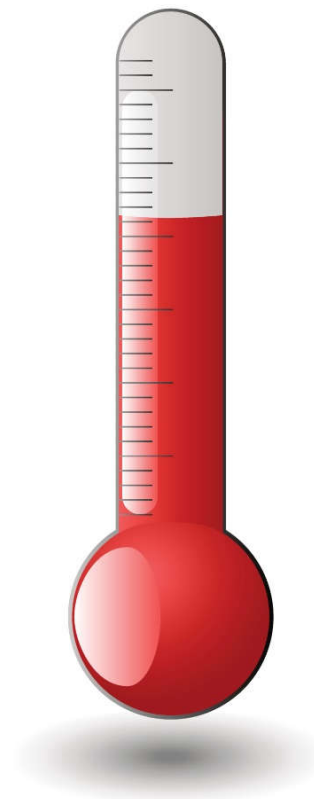
**Overpressure**

**Gasing caused  
by a Defect**



## One piece burstproof turbular can design

**Highest temperature class D**  
**(max. value of ambient**  
**temperature = 55°C)**





**Small diameters  
Excellent heat transfer**



## ESTAprop (oil type)

- Highly fire-resisting: flash point 285°C, ignition point 315°C
- NON-toxic
- NON-PCB
- Vegetable, natural base (castor oil)
- Fully biodegradable
- Environmental friendly

**There are no legal regulations regarding its destruction.  
The oil can be safely disposed of along with ordinary refuse.**



## ESTAdry

MKP-tubular can type capacitors are filled with an inert gas:

- **Environmental friendly**
- **NON-toxic**
- **NON-PCB**



**Electronicon**  
**EPCOS**  
**FRACO**  
**Shizuki**  
**ELCO**

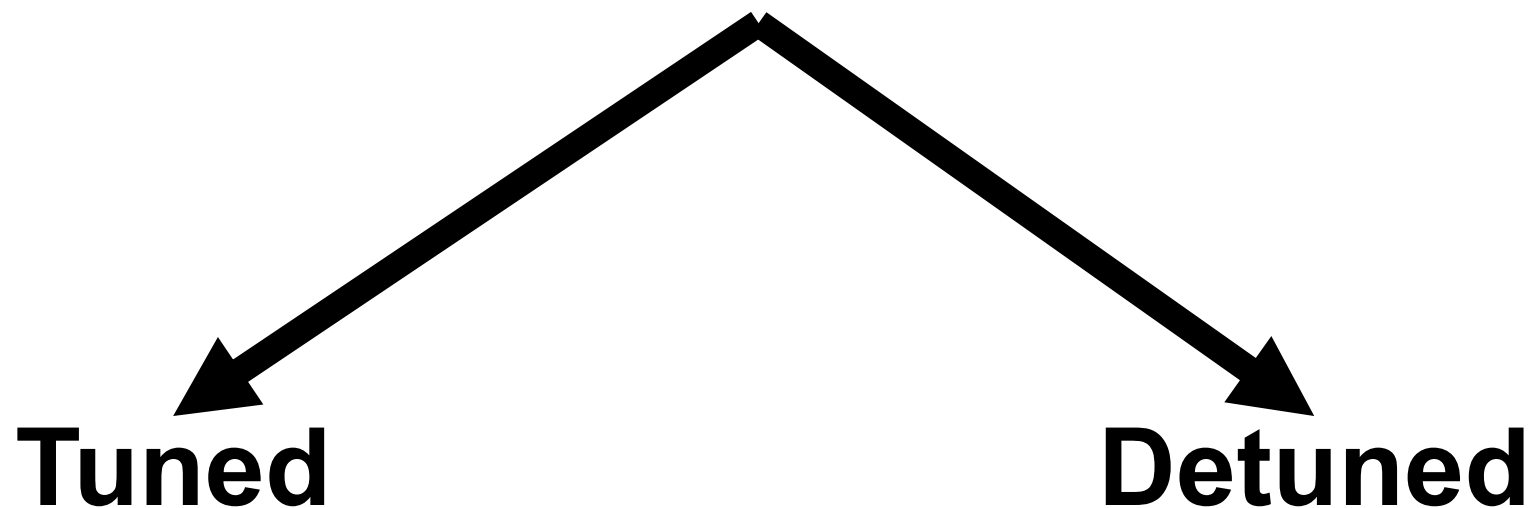
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# Reactor

# Type of Reactor



# Tuned Reactor



**Application: Passive Harmonic Filter**

# Detuned Reactor



**Application: Capacitor Bank**

# 7% Detuned Reactor



Supply

Load

85% 5th Harmonic



15% 5th Harmonic



# 14% Detuned Reactor



Supply

Load

90% 3rd Harmonic



10% 3rd Harmonic





# Detuned Reactor

$$f_{\text{tuned}} = \frac{50}{\sqrt{\%}}$$

**3 phase load:**

**6% - 204Hz**

**7% - 189Hz**

**Single phase load:**

**13% - 139Hz**

**14% - 134Hz**



# Tuned Reactor

$$f_{\text{tuned}} = \frac{50}{\sqrt{\%}}$$

**3<sup>rd</sup> Harmonic, 150Hz**

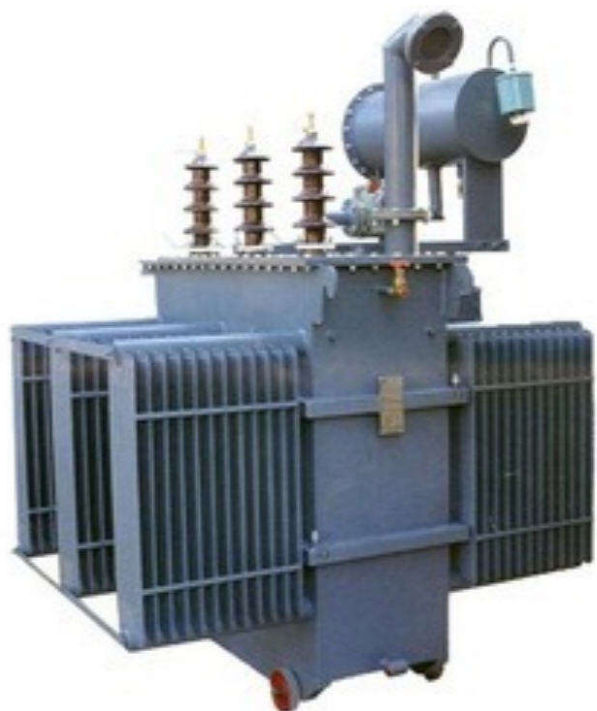
**5<sup>th</sup> Harmonic, 250Hz**

**7<sup>th</sup> Harmonic, 350Hz**





# Cap Bank Sizing



Or

**Maximum  
Demand, MD**

# 20% to 30% of TX size or MD



	TARGET POWER FACTOR										
	0.70	0.75	0.80	0.85	0.90	0.92	0.94	0.96	0.98	1.00	
ACTUAL POWER FACTOR									2.00		
0.40	1.27	1.41	1.54	1.67	1.81	1.87	1.93	2.09		2.29	
0.45	0.96	1.10	1.23	1.36	1.50	1.56	1.62	1.78		1.98	
0.50	0.71	0.85	0.98	1.11	1.25	1.31	1.37	1.53		1.73	
0.55	0.50	0.64	0.77	0.90	1.03	1.09	1.16	1.32		1.52	
0.60	0.31	0.45	0.58	0.71	0.85	0.91	0.97	1.13		1.33	
0.65	0.15	0.29	0.42	0.55	0.68	0.74	0.81	0.97		1.17	
0.70	0.00	0.14	0.27	0.40	0.54	0.59	0.66	0.73	0.82	1.02	
0.75		0.00	0.13	0.26	0.40	0.46	0.52	0.59	0.68	0.88	
0.80			0.00	0.13	0.27	0.32	0.39	0.46	0.55	0.75	
0.85				0.00	0.14	0.19	0.26	0.33	0.42	0.62	
0.90					0.00	0.06	0.12	0.19	0.28	0.48	

# Example



**1,000kVA**

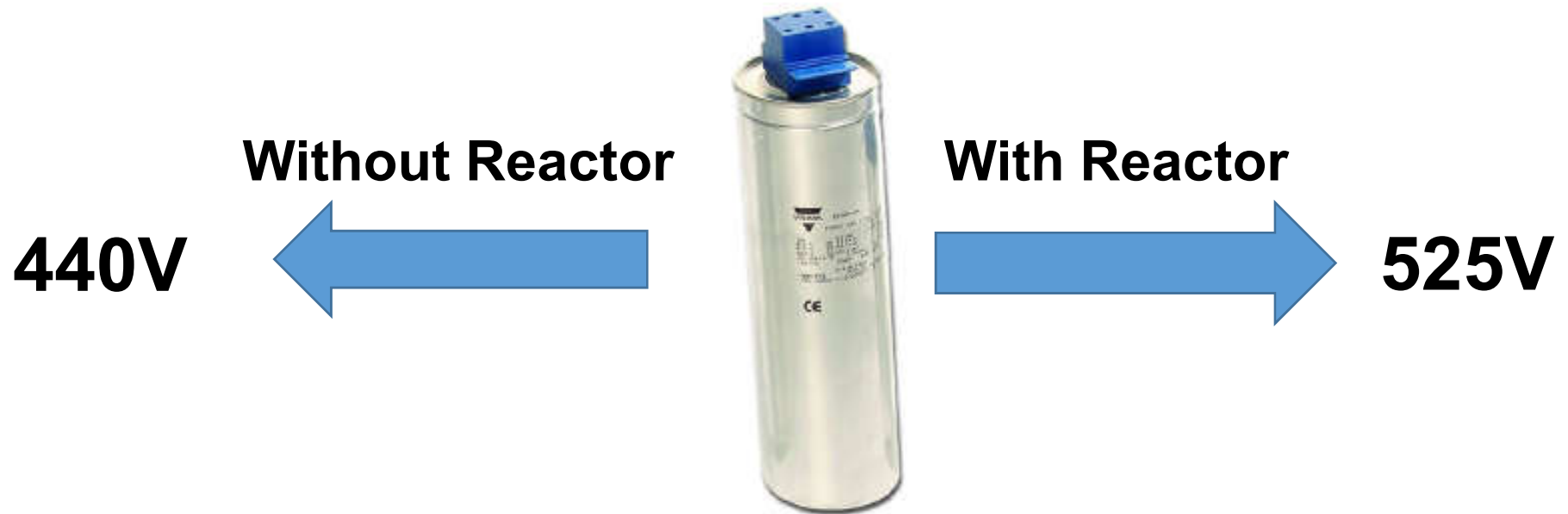
**Diversity Factor,  
DF = 0.8**

**Existing PF = 0.7**

**Target PF = 0.9**

$$Q_c = 1,000 \times 0.8 \times 0.7 \times 0.54 = 300\text{kVar}$$

# Capacitor Selection



# Capacitor Selection



415V



$\Delta V$



$$V_C = \Delta V + 415V$$

# Detuned Reactor Selection



Majority  
Single Phase  
Load

Majority  
Three Phase  
Load

13 or 14%



6 or 7%

# Cap Bank Sizing



$Q_{Net}$  = Net Reactive Power

$V_N$  = Nominal Voltage

% = % of Detuned Reactor

Capacitor Voltage,  $V_C = \frac{V_N}{1-\%}$

Reactive Power at  $V_C$ ,  $Q_{V_C} = \frac{Q_{Net}}{1-\%}$

Rated Reactive Power,  $Q_{Rated} = \left(\frac{V_{Rated}}{V_C}\right)^2 \times Q_{V_C}$

Current,  $I_C = \frac{Q_{VC}}{\sqrt{3} \times V_C}$





# Example

$$Q_{\text{Net}} = 50\text{kVar}$$

$$V_N = 415\text{V}$$

$$\% = 7\%$$

$$\text{Capacitor Voltage, } V_C = \frac{415}{1-0.07} = 446\text{V}$$

$$\text{Reactive Power at } V_C, Q_{V_C} = \frac{50\text{k}}{1-0.07} = 53.76\text{kVar @ } 446\text{V}$$

$$\text{Rated Reactive Power, } Q_{\text{Rated}} = \left(\frac{525}{446}\right)^2 \times 53.76\text{k} = 75\text{kVar @ } 525\text{V}$$

$$\text{Current, } I_C = \frac{53.76\text{k}}{\sqrt{3} \times 446} = 70\text{A}$$

# Switching Sequence



1:1:1 – 50kVar, 50kVar, 50kVar, ..., 50kVar

1:2:2 – 50kVar, 100kVar, 100kVar, ... , 100kVar

1:2:4 – 25kVar, 50kVar, 100kVar, ... , 100kVar

1:4:8 – 25kVar, 50kVar, 100kVar, 200kVar, ... , 200kVar

1:1:2:2 – 50kVar, 50kVar, 100kVar, 100kVar ... , 100kVar

1:1:2:4 – 50kVar, 50kVar, 100kVar, 200kVar ... , 200kVar

1:1:4:8 – 25Var, 25kVar, 50kVar, 100kVar, 200kVar ... , 200kVar

1:1:2.:4 – 25Var, 25kVar, 50kVar, 50kVar, 100kVar ... , 100kVar



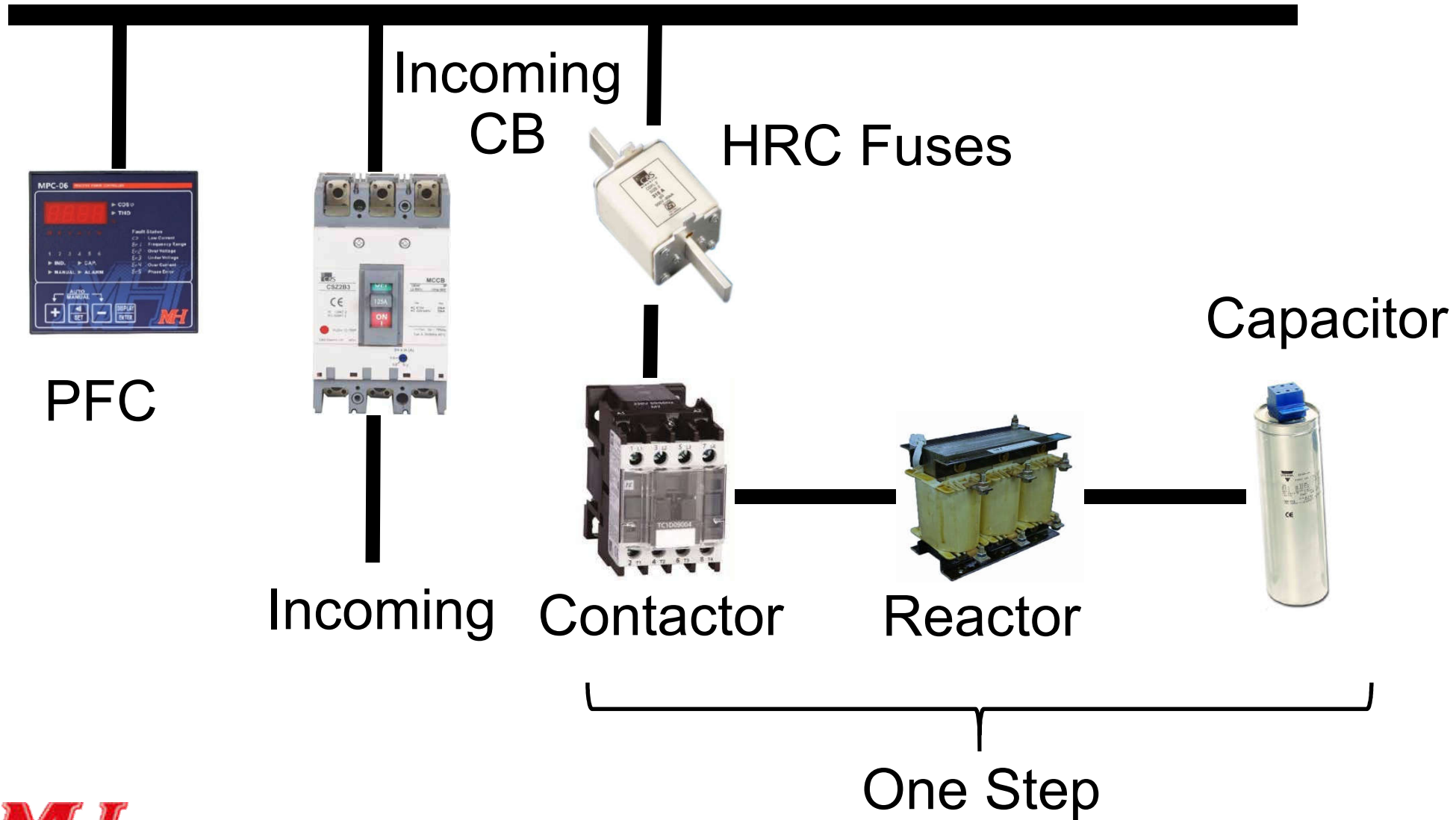
# Fuses, Contactors, & Cable Selection

Fuse  $\geq 1.5 \times I_C$

Contactor  $\geq 1.3 \sim 1.35 \times I_C$

Cable  $\geq 1.35 \times I_C$

# Typical Cap Bank SLD





# Power Factor Correction

Presented by Voon YS